Learning Difficulties Australia

Learning Difficulties Australia is an association of teachers and other professionals dedicated to assisting students with learning difficulties through effective teaching practices based on

scientific research.





www.ldaustralia.org



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Bio: Originally a primary trained teacher, I have worked throughout my career to address the provision of inclusive educational environments that support all learners to receive a robust and dignified education in their local neighbourhood.

I have a particular interest in numeracy, and the instructional design features we can apply to ensure all learners are numerate.



Enabling Numeracy for All Across the Curriculum

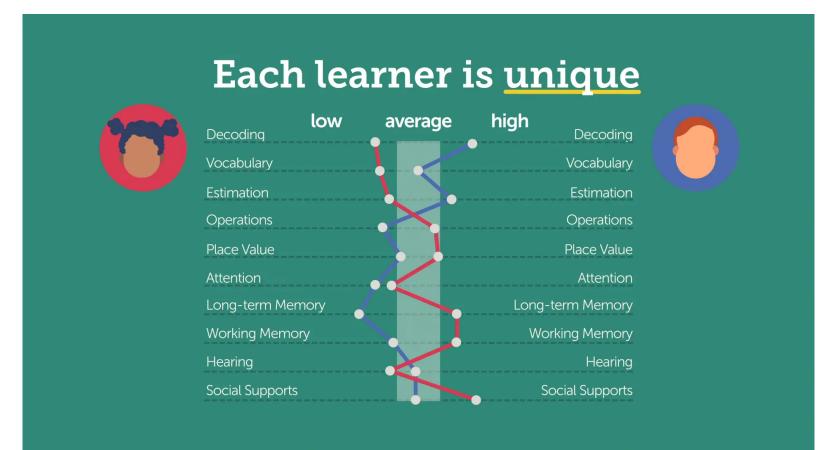


Assumption 1: Least Dangerous Assumption

 "the least dangerous assumption is to presume [every] student is competent to learn general education curriculum and to design educational programs and supports based on that assumption" [Jorgensen, 2006 cited in Jorgenson et al., 2007, p.]



Assumption 2: Learner Variability



https://vimeo.com/366279613





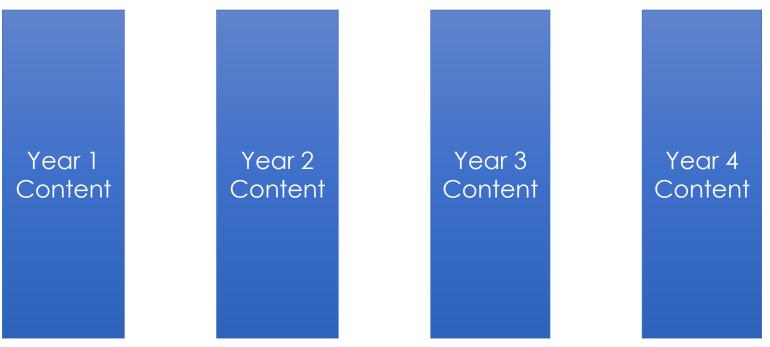
Barriers

- Curriculum is often designed for the "average" learner
 - Designing for the average ...
- Learners are seen in terms of 'ability'
 - . .
 - and not curious individuals seeking to solve tomorrow's problems

• Planning and teaching to cater for variability ...

... is tough work

Assumption 3: Flexibility in the Curriculum Framework

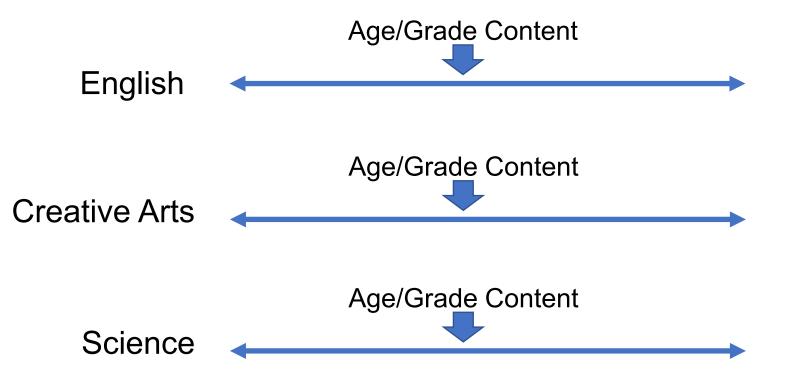


Traditionally

Normative thinking

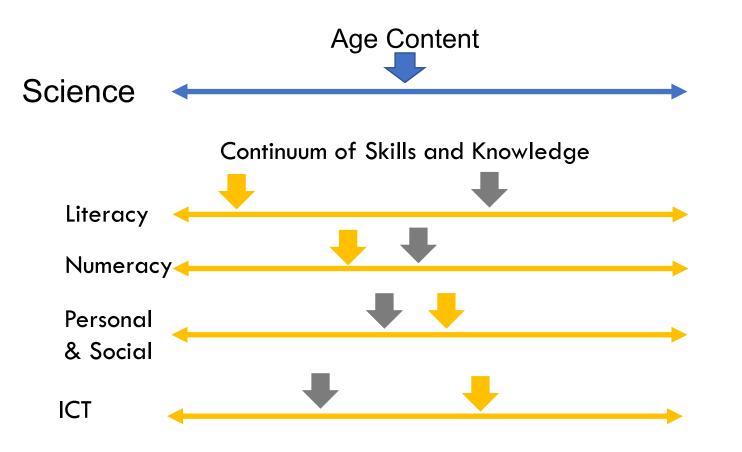


Flexibility in the Curriculum Framework: Content





Flexibility in the Curriculum Framework: 21st Century Learning Skills



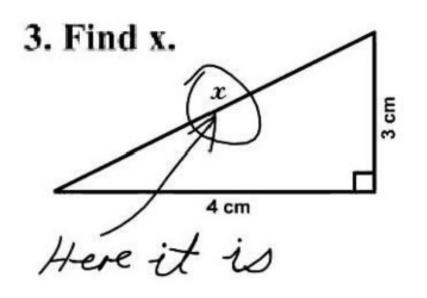


Enabling All Students Through Numeracy



"The challenge to parents and educators is to help [students] maintain a productive disposition toward mathematics as they develop the other strands of their mathematical proficiency." [Kilpatrick et al., 2000, p.171]







Numeracy

• Students become numerate as they develop the knowledge and skills to use mathematics confidently across all learning areas at school and in their lives more broadly. Numeracy involves students in recognising and understanding the role of mathematics in the world and having the dispositions and capacities to use mathematical knowledge and skills purposefully. [Australian Curriculum, 2016]



Item #1

Without calculating an exact answer, identify the best estimate for:

36 x 0.96

- A. More than 36
- B. Less than 36
- C. Equal to 36
- D. Impossible to tell without working it out



Item #2

• Without calculating an exact answer, identify the best estimate for:

$\frac{12}{13} + \frac{7}{8} =$

- A. 1B. 2C. 19
- D. 21
- E. I don't know



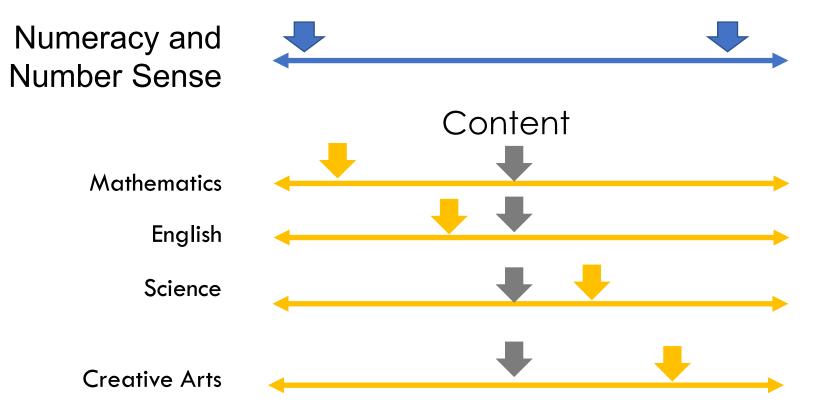
Number Sense

• ... flexibility in thinking about numbers and operations as a <u>well-organised</u> network of numerical knowledge that allows numbers to be used and <u>represented in multiple</u> ways, including relating them to each other, <u>composing</u> and <u>decomposing</u> them, or <u>embedding them in various</u> <u>contexts</u> of mathematical operations and problem solving. [Reuss, 2000]



Flexibility in the Curriculum Framework: 21st Century Learning Skills

Continuum of Skills and Knowledge





(Some) Potential Barriers to Number Sense

- Relevance and value of mathematics
- Symbols and vocabulary
- Fluency with key ideas and concepts



Addressing Barriers

Relevance and value of mathematics

- Know your students
- Symbols and vocabulary
 - Provide specific instruction

Fluency with key ideas and concepts

• Provide scaffolded and sustained practice



Conclusion

- Numeracy is key to quality of life for all
- It is part of every curriculum domain
- An awareness of the demands of numeracy in curriculum areas (potential barrier) can be leveraged to enhance numeracy outcomes

